

```
|||||||||||||||||||||||
```


## CHEMICAL SCIENCES

## Paper - III

1. The bond order and the number of unpaired electrons in $\mathrm{O}_{2}^{-}$are respectively
I. 1.0
II. 1.5
III. 0
IV. 1
(A) I, III
(B) I, IV
(C) II, III
(D) II, IV
2. Among the following, the species which contains a multiple metal-metal bond is
(A) $\mathrm{Fe}_{3}(\mathrm{CO})_{12}$
(B) $\mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
(C) $\mathrm{Cr}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}\right)_{4}$
(D) $\mathrm{Mn}_{2}(\mathrm{CO})_{10}$
3. Paraldehyde is formed from
(A) Methanol
(B) Propanol
(C) Benzaldehyde
(D) Ethanal
4. Periodate oxidation of sucrose gives
(A) One mole of $\mathrm{HCO}_{2} \mathrm{H}$
(B) One mole of HCHO
(C) Two moles of $\mathrm{HCO}_{2} \mathrm{H}$
(D) Two moles of HCHO
5. The high resolution ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of $\mathrm{CHCl}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}$ exhibits
(A) Two doublets
(B) Two triplets
(C) One triplet and one doublet
(D) One singlet and one doublet
6. Assertion (A) : The chemical potential of $\mathrm{i}^{\text {th }}$ component in a mixture depends on the composition of the mixture.

Reason (R) : The molecular forces depend on the molecular environment.
(A) $A$ is false, $R$ is true
(B) $A$ is true, $R$ is false
(C) $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(D) $A$ and $R$ are true, and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
7. Which of the following represents correct order of ligands in terms of their strength ?
(A) $\mathrm{CO}>$ en $>\mathrm{Cl}^{-}>\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(B) $\mathrm{CO}>\mathrm{Cl}^{-}>$en $>\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(C) $\mathrm{CO}>$ en $>\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}>\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$
(D) $\mathrm{CO}>\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}>$ en $>\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$
8. The success of flame emission spectroscopy as an analytical technique depends on
(A) Ionization of sample
(B) Polymerization of sample
(C) Solvation of sample
(D) Atomization of sample
9. The reaction of 2-chloropyridine with sodium ethoxide is
(A) Elimination followed by addition
(B) Electrophilic aromatic substitution
(C) Addition followed by substitution
(D) Nucleophilic aromatic substitution
10. Aspartic acid at pH 10 exists as
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

11. Match the following
List - I

## List - II

I. Phosphorescence

1. a schematic diagram of the various type of non-radiative and radiative transitions that can occur in molecules
II. Intersystem crossing
III. Fluorescence
IV. Jablonski diagram
2. Spontaneous emission of radiation arising from a transition between states of different multiplicities
3. Spontaneous emission of radiation arising from transition between states of the same multiplicity
4. Non-radiative transition between states of different multiplicity
5. Non radiative transition between states of the same multiplicity

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| (B) | 3 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| (C) | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| (D) | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 |

12. An ESR spectrum of hydrogen atom shows two lines. This is due to
(A) Spin-spin coupling
(B) Quadrupole coupling
(C) Hyperfine coupling
(D) Antiferromagnetic coupling
13. In the following sequence of reactions

the major product $[\mathrm{X}]$ is
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

14. Mention the principle involved in LEDtelevision
(A) Luminescence
(B) Phosphorescence
(C) Electroluminescence
(D) Fluorescence
15. In the transformation of oxyhemoglobin to deoxyhemoglobin
(A) Low spin $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ changes to high spin $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$
(B) Low spin $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ changes to low spin $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$
(C) High spin $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ changes to low spin $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$
(D) High spin $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ changes to high spin $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$
16. The correct statements among the following :
17. The canonical ensemble is an imaginary collection of replications of the actual system with a common temperature.
18. The Boltzmann distribution gives the number of the molecules in each state of a system at any temperature.
19. The partition function is an indication of the number of thermally accessible states at the temperature of interest.
20. The molecular partition function can be written as $q=q^{\top} q^{R} q^{V} q^{E}$.
(A) 1 and 2
(B) 2, 3 and 4
(C) 1, 3 and 4
(D) All are correct
21. During expansion of an ideal gas for a given volume change, the change in pressure in adiabatic process ( $\Delta \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{ad}}$ ) is
$\qquad$ that of isothermal process $\left(\Delta P_{\text {is }}\right)$.
(A) Equal to
(B) Exactly half
(C) Smaller than
(D) Larger than
22. Huckel MO energy levels of ethylene are
(A) $\alpha+2 \beta ; \alpha-2 \beta$
(B) $\alpha+\beta ; \alpha-\beta$
(C) $\alpha+1 / 2 \beta ; \alpha-1 / 2 \beta$
(D) $\alpha+3 \beta ; \alpha-3 \beta$
23. Match the following :
I. Maleic acid
II. Citraconic acid
III. Crotonic acid
IV. Tiglic acid
II. Crotonic
24. 


2.

3.

4.

5.


|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| (B) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (C) | 3 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| (D) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 5 |

23. The product formed in the following reaction is


$$
\xrightarrow[\substack{-\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\-\mathrm{H}^{+}}]{\mathrm{H}^{+},} \mathrm{X}
$$

$X$ is
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

24. Predict the product of dipolar addition

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

25. Match the following:

## List I

I. $\mathrm{H} \psi=\mathrm{E} \psi$
II. $E=h v$
III. $|\psi|^{2}$
IV. $\lambda=\mathrm{h} / \mathrm{mv}$
4. De Broglie
5. Schrodinger

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | 5 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| (B) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (C) | 4 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| (D) | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |

26. Identify from the following systems in which orbital contribution to magnetic moment is expected
l. $\left[\mathrm{Mn}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$
II. $\left[\mathrm{MnBr}_{4}\right]^{2-}$
III. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]^{3-}$
IV. $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$
(A) I, II
(B) II, III
(C) III, IV
(D) I, IV
27. Mossbauer spectroscopy is concerned with
I. Doppler effect
II. Photoelectric effect
III. Recoil energy
IV. Cotton effect
(A) I, II
(B) I, III
(C) II, III
(D) II, IV
28. Match the following :

| List-I | List - II |
| :--- | :--- |
| (Compound) | (Nature) |

I. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$

1. Anticancer agent
II. EDTA
2. Reductant
III. KI
3. Chelating agent
IV. Cis-Pt $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
4. Oxidant
5. Desiccant
$\begin{array}{ccccc} & \text { I } & \text { II } & \text { III } & \text { IV } \\ \text { (A) } & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1\end{array}$
(B) $2 \begin{array}{llll}2 & 4 & 1\end{array}$
(C) $5 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad 1$
(D) $\begin{array}{llll}5 & 3 & 4 & 1\end{array}$
6. The reaction given below is an example of

(A) Nazarov reaction
(B) Nef reaction
(C) Negishi reaction
(D) Nicholas reaction
7. Select the correct statements from the following :
8. Coagulation of a colloid is the reversible aggregation of dispersed phase.
9. Flocculation of a colloid is the irreversible aggregation of the dispersed phase.
10. Colloids are purified by electrodialysis.
11. Hydrophobic colloids are flocculated most efficiently by the ions of opposite charge.
(A) 1, 3 and 4
(B) 2, 3 and 4
(C) 1, 2 and 3
(D) 3 and 4
12. Assertion (A): In a catalysed reaction a small amount of the catalyst brings a large change in the rate of the reaction.

Reason (R) : A catalyst doesnot participate in the reaction.
(A) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(B) $A$ is true $R$ is false
(C) $A$ is false $R$ is true
(D) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation for A
32. Identify the product resulting from singlet oxygen and cyclohexadiene

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

33. Identify prontosil from the following
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

34. Match the following :

## List - I

List - II
(Complex)
(Hybridization of Central Atom)
I. $\left[\mathrm{Pt} \mathrm{Cl}_{4}\right]^{2-}$

1. $\mathrm{sp}^{3}$
II. $\left[\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{CO})_{4}\right]$
2. $\mathrm{dsp}^{2}$
III. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CO})_{5}\right]$
3. $d s p^{3}$
IV. $\left[\operatorname{Cr}(\mathrm{CO})_{6}\right]$
4. $d^{2} s^{3}$
5. $d^{3} s^{3}$

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 5 | 4 |
| (B) | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| (C) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (D) | 2 | 1 | 5 | 4 |

35. The quadrupole nuclei among the following are
I. ${ }^{12} \mathrm{C}$
II. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$
III. ${ }^{14} \mathrm{~N}$
IV. ${ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}$
(A) I, III
(B) II, III
(C) II, IV
(D) III, IV
36. In the extraction of metal ions from water into an organic solvent, some of the desirable characteristics of the organic solvent are
I. Low miscibility with water
II. Low toxicity
III. High miscibility with water
IV. High toxicity
(A) I, II
(B) II, III
(C) III, IV
(D) I, IV
37. Assertion (A) : The entropy of a gaseous mixture is greater than the sum of the entropies of the individual gases.

Reasoning (R) : All spontaneous processes are accompanied by an increase in entropy.
(A) $A$ is true and $R$ is false
(B) $A$ is false and $R$ is true
(C) $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(D) $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
38. The correct statements among the following are

1. A catalyst does not affect the equilibrium constant.
2. Le Chatelier's principle states that a system at equilibrium, when subjected to a disturbance responds in a way that minimizes the effect of the disturbance.
3. Increase in temperature favours the reactants in endothermic reactions and products in exothermic reactions.
4. Oxidation is the removal of electrons from a species and reduction is the addition of electrons to a species.
(A) 1, 2 and 3
(B) 1, 2 and 4
(C) 1, 3 and 4
(D) 2, 3 and 4
5. Match the following :

## List - I

(Species)
I. Chlorophyll

1. Contains Co (III) ion
II. Haemoglobin
2. Non-heme iron sulphur protein
III. Vitamin $B_{12}$
IV. Rubredoxin

## List II

(Nature)
3. Contains Mg
4. Anticancer drug
5. Contains Fe (II)

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 5 | 4 |
| (B) | 3 | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| (C) | 5 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| (D) | 3 | 2 | 4 | 5 |

40. The $Z, Z, Z, Z, Z$ - isomer of [10] annulene is
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

41. When benzaldehyde is treated with $\mathrm{SF}_{4}$, the product $X$ is obtained. Identify ' $X$ ' among the following.
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

42. In quantum mechanical tunnelling the transmission coefficient
(A) Increases with the thickness of the barrier
(B) Decreases exponentially with the thickness of the barrier
(C) Decreases with the square of the thickness of the barrier
(D) Doesnot depend on the thickness of the barrier
43. Example of fermions are
(A) Electron and proton
(B) Photon and proton
(C) Electron and photon
(D) Photons
44. The molecule $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ belongs to $\qquad$ point group.
(A) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{v}$
(B) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{~h}$
(C) $\mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{~h}$
(D) $\mathrm{C}_{2}$
45. Match the following

## List - I

## List - II

I. Joule-Thomson coefficient
II. Equation of state of a gas at its Boyle temperature
III. Entropy change
of a system during irreversible process
IV. Vant Haffs reaction isotherm
5. $K_{p} \alpha e^{-\Delta G^{\circ} / R T}$
6. $\left(\frac{\delta P}{\delta T}\right)_{H}$

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| (B) | 4 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| (C) | 6 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| (D) | 4 | 3 | 6 | 2 |

46. Which of the following exhibit quadrupole splitting?
I. $\mathrm{K}_{4}\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]$
II. $\mathrm{K}_{3}\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]$
III. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right] \mathrm{Cl}_{3}$
IV. $\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CO})_{5}$
(A) I, II
(B) I, III
(C) II, III
(D) II, IV
47. Assertion (A) : $\mathrm{Zn}^{2+}$ ion is zinc finger proteins is bound to $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$ system.
Reason ( R ) : $\mathrm{Zn}^{2+}$ ion is borderline acid and is stable with borderline $\quad \mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$ system.
(A) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
(B) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(C) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(D) $A$ is false but $R$ is true
48. Match the following :
List - I
List - II
(Ion)
(Electron Configuration)
I. $\mathrm{Ce}^{3+}$
49. $[\mathrm{Xe}] 4 \mathrm{f}^{4}$
II. $\mathrm{Pm}^{3+}$
50. $[\mathrm{Xe}] 4 \mathrm{f}^{1}$
III. $\mathrm{Gd}^{3+}$
51. $[\mathrm{Xe}] 44^{5}$
IV. $\mathrm{Lu}^{3+}$
52. $[\mathrm{Xe}] 4 \mathrm{f}^{7}$
53. $[\mathrm{Xe}] 4 \mathrm{f}^{14}$
$\begin{array}{ccccc} & \text { I } & \text { II } & \text { III } & \text { IV } \\ \text { (A) } & 2 & 4 & 1 & 3\end{array}$
(A) $2 \begin{array}{llll}4 & 1 & 3\end{array}$
(B) $1 \begin{array}{llll} & 2 & 5 & 4\end{array}$
(C) $21 \begin{array}{llll}2 & 4 & 5\end{array}$
(D) $1 \begin{array}{llll}1 & 3 & 4\end{array}$
54. A linear molecule having N atoms has
$\qquad$ number of independent modes of vibration.
(A) $3 \mathrm{~N}-5$
(B) $3 \mathrm{~N}-6$
(C) 3 N
(D) $3 \mathrm{~N}-3$
55. Lowest allowed energy is equal to zero for a
(A) Harmonic oscillator
(B) Particle in a two dimensional box
(C) A rigid rotator
(D) Hydrogen atom
56. Identify the product in the following reaction

$X$ is
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

57. Match the following

58. For a one component system the maximum number of phases that can coexist at equilibrium are
(A) 4
(B) 3
(C) 2
(D) 1
59. The standard reduction potentials of $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$, $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+} / \mathrm{Pt}$ and $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+} / \mathrm{Fe}$ electrodes at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ are +0.771 V and -0.440 V respectively. The standard emf of the cell in which the following reaction takes place is $\mathrm{Fe}+2 \mathrm{Fe}^{3+} \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$
(A) +0.331 V
(B) -0.331 V
(C) -1.211 V
(D) +1.211 V
60. Assertion (A) : The pH of aqueous solution of NaCl is 7.0
Reason (R) : Aqueous solutions of all salts are neutral.
(A) A and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
(B) $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(C) $A$ is true and $R$ is false
(D) $A$ is false and $R$ is true
61. Predict the product formed under cyclization conditions

$+\mathrm{NaH}+\mathrm{THF} \longrightarrow$ Product
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

62. In the following reaction


One of the products is
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

58. Match the following :
List - I
List - II
(Compound)
(Nature)

| I. HCl | 1. Conjugate base of $\mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| II. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ | 2. Arrhenius base |
| III. $\mathrm{AICl}_{3}$ | 3. Conjugate acid of $\mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}$ |
| IV. NaOH | 4. Lewis acid |
|  | 5. Bronsted acid |


|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | 3 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| (B) | 5 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| (C) | 4 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| (D) | 5 | 1 | 4 | 2 |

59. Assertion (A) : CO is a strong ligand.

Reason (R) : It acts only as a $\sigma$ donor.
(A) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
(B) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(C) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(D) $A$ is false but $R$ is true
60. Which commercial product comes from cellulose ?
(A) Nylon
(B) Rayon
(C) Dacron
(D) Orlon
61. Assertion (A) : Cluster formation by a metal is inversely proportional to its effective nuclear charge.

Reason (R) : Nuclear charge contracts the metal orbitals meant for overlap.
(A) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
(B) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(C) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(D) $A$ is false but $R$ is true
62. An enzyme enhances the rate of the reaction by
(A) Increasing the number of collisions between the reactants
(B) Increasing the velocity of the reacting molecules
(C) Providing energy to the reacting molecules
(D) Decreasing the activation energy of the reaction
63. Assertion (A) : The $d^{1}$ and $d^{8}$ systems have the same number of microstates.

Reason (R) : According to hole formalism, $d^{n} \equiv d^{10-n}$ where n is the number of electrons
(A) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
(B) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(C) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(D) $A$ is false but $R$ is true
64. For the photolysis of $\mathrm{HI} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{I}_{2}$, the following mechanism is proposed
$\mathrm{HI}+\mathrm{hv} \rightarrow \mathrm{H} .+\mathrm{I}$.
H. $+\mathrm{HI} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{I}$.
I. + I. $\rightarrow I_{2}$

The quantum yield of this reaction is
(A) 0.5
(B) 1.0
(C) 2.0
(D) 4.0
65. Assertion (A) : ESR spectroscopy is not applicable for $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ molecule.

Reason (R) : $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ molecule contains a single bond between the H atoms.
(A) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
(B) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(C) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(D) $A$ is false but $R$ is true
66. 1, 2 - Disubstituted olefins having $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{z}$ isomerism can be identified by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{nmr}$ using
(A) Chemical shift
(B) Deutereum exchange
(C) Solvent
(D) Coupling constant
67. Predict the [4+2] Diels-Alder cycloaddition product with right stereochemistry

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

68. An electron of mass ' $m$ ' is confined to a one dimensional box of length 'l'. The frequency of the radiation absorbed during its excitation from its second energy level to third level is
(A) $\frac{5 h}{8 m l^{2}}$
(B) $\frac{\mathrm{h}}{8 \mathrm{ml}^{2}}$
(C) $\frac{3 \mathrm{~h}}{8 \mathrm{ml}^{2}}$
(D) $\frac{4 \mathrm{~h}}{8 \mathrm{ml}^{2}}$
69. The rate of the reaction is $\qquad$ the number of activated molecules, when it is controlled by the steric factor.
(A) Greater than
(B) Not related to
(C) Less than
(D) Equal to
70. According to Wade's rules, structures of $\mathrm{B}_{10} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{12}$ and $\left(\mathrm{B}_{9} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{12}\right)^{2-}$ are respectively
I. Closo
II. Nido
III. Arachno
IV. Hypho
(A) I, II
(B) II, III
(C) I, IIII
(D) II, IV
71. Assertion (A) : Both the complexes proceeding by dissociative mechanism, $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right]^{+}$ undergoes much faster acid hydrolysis reaction than $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{5} \mathrm{Cl}\right]^{2+}$

Reason (R) : The rate of loss of chloride decreases as charge on the complex increases.
(A) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
(B) Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
(C) $A$ is true but $R$ is false
(D) A is false but $R$ is true
72. Predict the reagent required for the regioselective transformation (1, 4-addition)

(A) Me Mg Br
(B) MeLi
(C) $[\mathrm{Me} \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{Br}+\mathrm{Cul}]$
(D) LDA/Mel
73. Indicate the catalyst used in the Wacker reaction having industrial importance
(A) Zn
(B) Cd
(C) $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{II})$
(D) Hg
74. Inform the selectivity of product formed in the Heck reaction


Product
(A)

(B)

(C) $\mathrm{HOOC}-\mathrm{HC}=\mathrm{HC}$


(D)

75. The number of ESR signals formed in the spectrum of benzene anion radical is
(A) 5
(B) 6
(C) 7
(D) 8

## Space for Rough Work

