SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT		PAPER					
A-16-02	PHYSICAL	SCIENCES	II					
HALL TICKET N	UMBER	QUESTION						
OMR SHEET N	UMBER							
DURATION	MAXIMUM MARKS	NUMBER OF PAGES	NUMBER OF QUESTIONS					
1 HOUR 15 MINUTES	100	16	50					
This is to certify that, the entries made in the above portion are correctly written and verified.								
Candidates Signature		Name a	nd Signature of Invigilator					
Instructions for the O 1. Write your Hall Ticket Number in the top of this page. 2. This paper consists of fifty multiple 3. At the commencement of examination be given to you. In the first 5 minimis open the booklet and compulse (i) To have access to the Questing seal on the edge of this covery without sticker-seal and do not (ii) Tally the number of pages in the booklet with the ining cover page. Faulty booklet missing or duplicate or not discrepancy should be got correct booklet from the ining of 5 minutes. Afterwards, not will be replaced nor any ex (iii) After this verification is over, should be entered in the OMF Number should be entered on 4. Each item has four alternative res and (D). You have to darken the cir correct response against each iter Example: A B O	Candidates he space provided on the e-choice type of questions. tion, the question booklet will butes, you are requested to <u>orily examine it as below</u> : on Booklet, tear off the paper bage. Do not accept a booklet ot accept an open booklet. and number of questions formation printed on the is due to pages/questions in serial order or any other replaced immediately by a vigilator within the period either the Question Booklet tra time will be given. the Test Booklet Number R Sheet and the OMR Sheet in this Test Booklet. ponses marked (A), (B), (C) cle as indicated below on the m.	అభ్యర్మలకు సూచనలు 1. ఈ పుట పై భాగంలో ఇవ్వబడిన స్థలంలో మీ హాల్ టికెట్ నంబరు రాయండి. 2. ఈ పశ్చ పత్రము యాభై బహుశైచ్చిక పశ్మలను కళిగి ఉంది. 3. పరీక్ష ప్రారంభమున ఈ ప్రశ్నాపత్రము మీకు ఇవ్వబడుతుంది. మొదటి ఐదు నిమిషనులలో ఈ ప్రశ్నాపత్రమును తెరిచి కింద తెలిపిన అంశాలను తప్పనిసరిగా సరిమాసుకోండి. (i) ఈ పశ్చ పత్రమును చూడడానికి కవర్1పిజి అంచున ఉన్న కాగితపు సీలును చించండి. స్ట్రిక్కర్ సీలులేని మరియు ఇదివరకే తెరిచి ఉన్న ప్రశావప్రతమును చించండి. స్ట్రిక్రర్ సీలులేని మరియు ఇదివరకే తెరిచి ఉన్న ప్రశావప్రతమును మీరు అంగీకరించవద్దు. (ii) ఈ పశ్వ పత్రమును చూడడానికి కవర్1పిజి అంచున ఉన్న కాగితపు సీలును చించండి. స్ట్రిక్రర్ సీలులేని మరియు ఇదివరకే తెరిచి ఉన్న ప్రశ్నాపత్రమును మీరు అంగీకరించవద్దు. (ii) కమరు జీజి పై ముధించిన సమాదారం ప్రకారం ఈ ప్రశ్వవత్రములోని పేజీల సంఖ్యను మరియు అనిరియ ఇదివరకే తెరిచి ఉన్న ప్రశ్నాపత్రమును మరియు పరిచూనుకోండి. పేజీల సంఖ్యమ పరిలు లేదా సాచించిన సంఖ్యల్ ప్రశ్నలు లేకపోవుల లేదా నిజర్లతి కాపోవుల లేదా గిన్ లేదా సూచించిన సంఖ్యల్ పర్తిశుల్లు లేమోవుల లేదా నిజర్లతి కాపోవుల లేదా ప్రశ్నపత్రాన్ని పర్తాన్ను పరిచ్చు సమయం ఇప్పటడదు. (iii) పై విధంగా నరిచూసుకొన్న తర్పాత ప్రశ్నాపత్రతు పైరివిషిస్తరి తిరిగి ఇచ్చిపేళి జరిని జయులా లేది రిధు సంఖ్యను ఈ ప్రశ్నపత్రము పైనిర్రిష్టర్థలంలో రాయపురు. భార్మబడడు ఆదనపు సమయం ఇష్టబడదు. (iii) పై విధంగా రిగిగా పుతును సంఖ్యను ఈ ప్రశ్నాపత్రము పైనిర్రిష్టర్థలంలో రాయపురు. 4. పతి ప్రశ్వకు నాలుగు ప్రత్యావన్నాయ ప్రతిస్పందనను ఎన్నుకొని కింద తెలిపిన విధంగా OMR పుతములో పురిపు సర్దిన ప్రతిస్పందనను ఎన్నుకొని కింద తెలిపిన విధంగా OMR పుతునులో పు సరైన ప్రతిస్పందనను ఎన్నుకొని కింద తెలిపిన విధంగా OMR పుతునులో పు సరైన ప్రతిస్పందనను ఎన్నుకొని కింద తెలిపిన విధంగా OMR పుతునుల్లో పుతి పూరు పూరుంక్లను చును ఎన్నుకు వన్ను జిన్నం కర్గా వరిష్యందనను ఎన్నుకొ కి ంద తెలిపిన విధంగా OMR పుతునులు సర్తేకు సరైన ప్రతిస్పందనను ఎన్నుకొని వి రంగా లిరిగా విత్రాందనను ఎన్నుకో వికింది తెందారు రిరిగిన ఎదంగా లుగా ఇర్యందనను సునునికు సర్పెన పరితి సర్రందనను ఎన్నుక్రో కి కంద తెలిపిన విధంగా లుగా ఇస్పందననను ఎన్నుకి ఇరిందను సుందిన పరిలు నిరి పెనికి సరాలా లుగు వుత్రాందనను సునుందిను సంభిను కిన్ సందాను సంపిన పిన్రిందానను వింది కెందా సంపి పురల్లందనను						
 where (C) is the correct response 5. Your responses to the items are Answer Sheet given to you. If you in the circle in the Answer Sheet, it 6. Read instructions given inside care 7. Rough Work is to be done in the e 8. If you write your name or put any real Answer Sheet, except for the spatial system of the entries, which may disclose your identication. 9. The candidate must handover the and must not carry it with you outsis candidate is allowed to take awa Sheet and used Question paper examination. 10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point po	to be indicated in the OMR u mark at any place other than will not be evaluated. efully. nd of this booklet. mark on any part of the OMR ace allotted for the relevant entity, you will render yourself the OMR Answer Sheet to be examination compulsorily de the Examination Hall. The by the carbon copy of OMR r booklet at the end of the pen. ble etc., is prohibited. incorrect answers.	ఉదాహరణ : A B (C) సరైన ప్రతిస్పందన అయితే 5. ప్రశ్నలకు ప్రతిస్పందనలను ఈ ప్రశ ఇవ్వబడిన వృత్తాల్లోనే పూరించి గుర్తి. గుర్తిస్తే మీ ప్రతిస్పందన మూల్యాంజి 6. ప్రశ్న పత్రము లోపల ఇచ్చిన సూచన 7. చిత్తువనిని ప్రశ్నపత్రము చివర ఇచ్చి 8. OMR పత్రము లై నిర్ణీత స్థలంలో స మీ గుర్తింపును తెలిపే విధంగా మీ పెట్టడం గానీ చేసినట్లయితే మీ అన 9. పరీక్ష పూర్తయిన తర్వాత మీ OMR వాటిని పరీక్ష గది బయటకు తీసుకువెశ్త ప్రశ్న పత్రాన్ని, OMR పత్రం యొక 10. నీలి/నల్ల రంగు బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్ 11. లాగరిథమ్ బేబుల్స్, క్యాలిక్యులేటర్లలు ఉపయోగించడం నిషీధం. 12. తప్పు సమాధానాలకు మార్కుల తగిం	 D స్టుత్రముతో ఇవ్వబడిన OMR పత్రము పైన సంచాలి. అతాకాక సమాధాన పత్రంపై పేరొక చోట రం చేయబడదు. అను జాగత్తగా చదవండి. భాళీస్థింములో చేయాలి. ూచించవలసిన వివరాలు తప్పించి ఇతర స్థలంలో పీరు రాయడం గానీ లేదా ఇతర చిహ్నాలను ర్ణతకు మీరే బాధ్యుంపుతారు. పత్రణన్ని తప్పనిసరిగా పరీక్ష పర్యవేక్షకుడికి ఇచ్చాలి. పత్రణన్ని తప్పనిసరిగా పరీక్ష పర్యవేక్షకుడికి ఇచ్చాలి. ప్రత్యాన్ని తప్పనిసరిగా పరీక్ష పర్యవేక్షకుడికి ఇచ్చాలి. ప్రత్యాన్ తరువాత అభ్యర్మలు ప్రాత్రమే ఉపయోగించాలి. ఎలక్టానిక్ పరికరాలు మొదలగునవి పరీక్షగదిల్ లో పు లేదు 					
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PHYSICAL SCIENCES Paper – II

 A force f acting on a particle is proportional to velocity gradient. The law is given by

 $f = \mu \frac{du}{dx}$ where u is velocity of the particle, x is distance travelled and μ is the proportionality constant. The dimensions of μ are

- (A) $ML^{-1}T$
- (B) MLT^{-1}
- (C) $M^{-1}L^{-1}T$
- (D) $ML^{-1}T^{-1}$
- **2.** If r = xi + yj + zk and a is a constant vector,

Column I			Со	Column II			
I.	∇×(a×r)		1.	1. –2a			
II.	(a×∇)×r		2.	2(r×a)			
III.	a×(∇×r	·)	3.	2a			
IV.	$\nabla \times ((\mathbf{r}.\mathbf{r}))$	a)	4.	0			
Choose correct matching among A, B, C, D for the row I, II, III, IV given below							
	I	II	III	IV			
(A)	3	4	2	1			
(B)	3	1	4	2			
(C)	2	3	4	1			
(D)	4	3	1	2			

- **3**. If det $A \neq 0$, which of the following is NOT true ?
 - (A) A is singular
 - (B) Ax = b will have unique solution
 - (C) A has non zero eigen values
 - (D) All columns of A are independent
- **4.** If a square matrix A is singular, then which of the following is true ?
 - (A) Modulus of eigen values =1
 - (B) Coefficient of λ in the characteristic polynomial =0
 - (C) Constant term of characteristic polynomial =0
 - (D) Sum of the eigen values is zero.
- 5. If $y_1, y_2, ..., y_n$ are solutions of nth order differential equation and sum of the solutions i.e $\sum y_i$ is also a solution of the differential equations, then the differential equation is
 - (A) linear and homogeneous
 - (B) linear and non-homogeneous
 - (C) nonlinear and homogeneous
 - (D) homogeneous

- 6. Assertion (A): If X is a normal random variable, then mean is zero.
 - Reason (R): Square of the standard deviation is equal to second moment about mean.
 - (A) Both A and R are true
 - (B) A is false but R is true
 - (C) A is true but R is false
 - (D) A is true but R is not correct explanation
- 7. The probability that A passes a test is 1/5, the probability that B passes the same test is 2/3. The probability that only one of them passes is
 - (A) 3/5
 - (B) 2/15
 - (C) 13/15
 - (D) 4/15
- 8. If w = f(z) is analytic, then



(B) $\frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0$

(C)
$$\frac{\partial W}{\partial \overline{z}} = 0$$

(D) $\frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = i \frac{\partial w}{\partial \overline{z}}$

- 9. $\int_0^1 x J_n(\alpha x) J_n(\beta x) dx = 0$ if
 - (A) $\alpha \neq \beta$
 - (B) n is integer only
 - (C) α, β are integers only
 - (D) $0 < \alpha, \beta < 1$
- 10. Newton's laws are not valid if
 - (A) Bodies are in contact with each other
 - (B) Observers are moving at constant velocity
 - (C) Reference frame is at rest or fixed
 - (D) Reference frame is rotating
- In phase space diagram of a dynamical system, a point represents, if n = df
 - (A) n, momentum coordinates p,
 - (B) n, generalise coordinates q
 - (C) 2n momentum and generalisecoordinates (p_i, q_i)
 - (D) 2n space and rotation coordinates

- **12.** In phase space, ______ is invariant under canonical transformations.
 - (A) momentum
 - (B) energy
 - (C) angular velocity
 - (D) volume
- **13.** A particle is moving on elliptical path under inverse square law of force of the form $f = -k/r^2$. Which of the following statements are true? The eccentricity of the orbit is
 - I. Function of total energy
 - II. Independent of total energy
 - III. Function of angular momentum
 - IV. Independent of angular momentum
 - (A) I, III are true
 - (B) I, II are true
 - (C) II, IV are true
 - (D) I, IV are true

- **14.** Rutherford's differential scattering cross-section
 - (A) has the dimensions of area
 - (B) has the dimensions of solid angles
 - (C) is proportional to the kinetic energy of the incident particle
 - (D) inversely proportional to cos φ, φ is the scattering angle
- **15.** Choose the correct statement.
 - I. In δ variation, time and space coordinates vary
 - II. In ∆ variation, time and space coordinates vary
 - III. δ variation is independent of time
 - IV. Δ variation is independent of time
 - (A) I, IV are true
 - (B) II, III are true
 - (C) I, II are true
 - (D) III, IV are true

- 16. Which of the following is NOT a Kepler's law ?
 - (A) All planets move in plane curves
 - (B) The radius vector of the planet sweeps equal areas in equal intervals of times
 - (C) Cube of the time period of the planet is proportional to square of the area traced
 - (D) Angular momentum of the planet is always constant
- **17.** For a cyclic ordinate of the Lagrangian of the system, the corresponding
 - (A) momentum is constant
 - (B) energy is constant
 - (C) force is constant
 - (D) torque is constant
- In the laboratory a particle A has velocity v, another particle B has velocity –v, the velocity of A relative to B is
 - (A) 2v
 - (B) $2v/(1 + v^2/c^2)$
 - (C) $2v/(1 v^2/c^2)$
 - (D) $2v/\sqrt{(1-v^2/c^2)}$

- **19.** Div \overline{D} has a value wherever
 - i. Electric charge is present
 - ii. Magnetic dipole is present
 - (A) i is correct and ii is wrong
 - (B) ii is correct and i is wrong
 - (C) Both i and ii are correct
 - (D) Both i and ii are wrong
- **20.** In a homogeneous and isotropic media \overline{D} and \overline{E} are
 - (A) In the same direction
 - (B) In the opposite direction
 - (C) Perpendicular to each other
 - (D) May be in different orientation
- **21.** The intrinsic resistance of empty space is given by
 - (A) $\sqrt{\epsilon_0/\mu_0}$ (B) $\sqrt{\mu_0/\epsilon_0}$ (C) ϵ_0/μ_0
 - (D) $(\epsilon_0/\mu_0)^2$

- 22. Choose the correct statement.
 - In a lossless nondispersive media the group velocity is always greater than phase velocity.
 - ii. In a dispersive medium, the phase velocity is a function of frequency and hence of the free space wavelength.
 - (A) i is correct and ii is wrong
 - (B) ii is correct and i is wrong
 - (C) Both i and ii are correct
 - (D) Both i and ii are wrong
- **23.** Poisson's equation in charge free space reduces to
 - (A) Laplace's equation
 - (B) Gauss's law for dielectrics
 - (C) Kirchoff's law
 - (D) Lorentz's force equation
- 24. Three point charges 30 μ C, 130 μ C and 80 μ C are enclosed by a surface. The net flux across the surface is
 - $(A) 50 \ \mu C$
 - (B) 60 µ C
 - (C) 80 µ C
 - $(D) 80 \ \mu C$

- **25.** Choose the correct statement.
 - i. The divergence of a curl for any vector field is the zero scalar.
 - ii. The curl of a gradient for any scalar function of position is the zero vector.
 - (A) i is correct and ii is wrong
 - (B) ii is correct and i is wrong
 - (C) Both i and ii are correct
 - (D) Both i and ii are wrong
- 26. Assertion (A): Bar magnet freely dropped through a long copper conduit held vertically moves with terminal velocity.
 - **Reason (R) :** This is a consequence of Kirchoff's law.
 - (A) A and R are true and R is the correct explanation
 - (B) A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation
 - (C) A is true but R is not the correct explanation
 - (D) Both A and R are false.

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27. The electric field given by $E(z,t) = 10 \sin (\omega t + \beta z) \overline{a_x} + 10 \cos (\omega t + \beta z) \overline{a_y}$ is

- (A) Plane polarized
- (B) Elliptically polarized
- (C) Circularly polarized
- (D) Unpolarized
- 28. Match the following :

C	Colum	C	Column II				
I. Bo	hr's ra	-	I) 1/137				
II. Fir	ne stru	icture cons	tant 2	2) 13.6 e ^v	V		
III. Co	omptoi	gth 3	3) 0.53 A	C			
IV. KE of electron in ground 4) 0.0242 A°							
state of H_2 atom							
Choose correct matching among A, B, C, D							
for the row I, II, III, IV given below :							
	I	II	III	IV			
(A)	3	2	4	1			
(B)	3	1	4	2			
(C)	1	2	3	4			
(D)	2	4	1	3			

- 29. Choose the wrong statement.
 - (A) Wave associated with material particle is a superposition of infinite number of plane waves with slightly differing k values
 - (B) Eventhough the constituent waves can move with different speeds, the wave packet moves with particle velocity and hence never leaves the particle
 - (C) The phase velocity can be greater than speed of light
 - (D) Wavefunction gives the chance of locating the particle at a given instant of time and at a given location in space
- **30.** The ratio of de-Broglie wavelength of an electron to that of proton when both of them move with the same kinetic energy is
 - (A) 1836
 - (B) 1/1836
 - (C) $\sqrt{1836}$
 - (D) $1/\sqrt{1836}$

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- **31.** The zero point energy of a linear harmonic oscillator is
 - (A) h_V
 - (B) $(n + \frac{1}{2}) h_{v}$
 - (C) $(1/2) h_V$
 - (D) $(1/2) h_{\omega}$
- **32.** Choose the correct statement.
 - i. The expectation value of an observable whose operator does not depend on time explicitly is a constant with zero uncertainty.
 - ii. Eigen functions of a Hermitian operator belonging to distinct eigen values are orthogonal.
 - (A) i is correct and ii is wrong
 - (B) ii is correct and i is wrong
 - (C) Both i and ii are correct
 - (D) Both i and ii are wrong
- **33.** Entropy of a thermodynamics system does not change when the system is used for
 - (A) Conductance of heat from a hot reservoir to a cold reservoir
 - (B) Conversion of heat into work adiabatically
 - (C) Conversion of heat into internal energy isochorically
 - (D) Conversion of work into heat isothermally

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34. Based on Maxwell thermodynamic relations and applying to specific heat equation, then

(A)
$$C_{p} - C_{v} = T$$

(B) $C_{p} - C_{v} = \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_{V}$
(C) $C_{p} - C_{v} = RT$
(D) $C_{p} - C_{v} = T\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_{V}\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T}\right)_{P}$

Read the passage and answer the questions **35, 36** and **37** given below :

Every system(solid, liquid or gas) possesses a certain amount of energy. This energy is called internal energy and is usually denoted by the symbol U. The internal energy of a solid, liquid or gas consists of two parts (i) kinetic energy due to the motion (translational, rotational, vibrational) of the molecules (ii) potential energy due to the configuration (separation) of the molecules. The internal energy of a homogeneous system depends on its thermodynamic state i.e. on its thermodynamic coordinates P, V and T.

Each definite state of the system possess a definite quantity of internal energy. A change in the internal energy can occur only if a transfer of energy between the system and surroundings is permitted. This can take place if (i) some work is performed on or by the system and (ii) some heat is absorbed or given out by the system.

35. In an isothermal process

- (A) the temperature of the gas is not constant
- (B) the gas does not take any heat from the surroundings
- (C) the internal energy of the gas remains constant
- (D) the pressure and volume of gas remain constant
- 36. In an adiabatic process
 - (A) the gas cannot take any heat from or give any heat to the surroundings
 - (B) the temperature of the gas remains constant
 - (C) the internal energy of the gas does not change
 - (D) no work is done either on the gas or by the gas

- 37. In a given process on an ideal gasdw = 0 and dQ > 0 then
 - (A) the temperature of the gas will decrease
 - (B) the temperature of the gas remains constant
 - (C) the internal energy of the gas will decrease
 - (D) the internal energy of the gas will increase
- **38.** In case of two thermodynamic systems having molecules with chemical potentials μ_1 with N_1 particles, μ_2 with N_2 particles where $\mu_1 > \mu_2$, if they are in thermal equilibrium initially, $(\theta_1 \approx \theta_2 \approx \theta)$ the thermodynamic condition of entropy change gives condition that
 - (A) $-\frac{1}{\theta}(\mu_1 \mu_2) dN_1 > 0$
 - (B) $(\mu_1 \mu_2) dN_1 = 0$
 - (C) $(\mu_1 \mu_2) dN_1 > 0$
 - (D) $(\mu_1 \mu_2) dN_2 < 0$

- **39.** Choose the correct statement. Statistical mechanics deals about
 - (A) not a particular individual movement of particles in a system
 - (B) it will not give information about overall behaviour of a system of many particles related to the properties of the particles themselves
 - (C) it helps how to find life history of one of the particles in a system
 - (D) it is not able to tell us the probability that the particle has a certain amount of energy at a certain moment
- 40. Choose the wrong statement.According to Fermi Dirac statistics, Fermions
 - (A) have odd half integer spins
 - (B) they obey exclusion principle
 - (C) they have symmetric wave function
 - (D) only one Fermion can exist in a particular quantum state of a system

- **41.** If g_m and r_d are the transconductance and drain resistance of a JFET respectively, the greatest voltage amplification that can be possible with this device can be
 - (A) g_m
 - (B) r_d
 - (C) $g_m r_d$
 - (D) g_m / r_d
- 42. Which one of the following is correct?
 - i. In a tunnel diode, current can be tripple valued function of voltage
 - ii. Tunnel diode possess negative resistance region
 - iii. Tunnel diodes are fabricated with very lightly doped PN junction
 - (A) i & ii only are correct
 - (B) ii & iii only are correct
 - (C) iii & i only are correct
 - (D) All are correct

- 43. The sloping up of BJT characteristics in the active region of CE configuration is due to
 - (A) Thermal Runway
 - (B) Punch through
 - (C) Early effect
 - (D) Miller effect
- 44. Which one of the following is correct?Solar cells are used as source of power in earth satellite because they have
 - i) high efficiencies
 - ii) unlimited life
 - iii) high power capacity per weight
 - (A) i &ii only are correct
 - (B) ii & iii only are correct
 - (C) iii & i only are correct
 - (D) All are correct

- 45. If $\alpha_{\rm F}$ and $\alpha_{\rm R}$ are the forward and inverted mode current gains of BJT, then
 - (A) $\alpha_{\mathsf{F}} = \alpha_{\mathsf{R}}$
 - (B) $\alpha_{\rm F} < \alpha_{\rm R}$
 - (C) $\alpha_{\rm F} > \alpha_{\rm R}$
 - (D) $\alpha_{\rm F} >> \alpha_{\rm R}$
- 46. Which one of the following is correct?
 - LED i) is usually made from silicon
 - ii) emits light when forwarded biased
 - iii) do not require warm-up time
 - (A) i &ii only are correct
 - (B) ii & iii only are correct
 - (C) iii & i only are correct
 - (D) None are correct
- 47. An ideal Op Amp is an ideal
 - (A) voltage controlled current source
 - (B) voltage controlled voltage source
 - (C) current controlled current source
 - (D) current controlled voltage source

- **48.** Which one of the following is correct? Tuned amplifiers are
 - i. wide band amplifiers
 - ii. used in Radio Transmitters and Receivers
 - iii. performance is determined by Q of the circuit
 - (A) i & ii only are correct
 - (B) ii & iii only are correct
 - (C) iii & i only are correct
 - (D) All are correct

- 49. In Toggle mode, JK flip flop has
 - (A) J=0, K=0
 - (B) J=0, K=1
 - (C) J=1, K=0
 - (D) J=1, K=1
- **50.** While is the fastest unsaturated logic gate, has excellent noise immunity.
 - (A) ECL, TTL
 - (B) TTL, ECL
 - (C) ECL, HTL
 - (D) RTL, DTL

Space for Rough Work

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