


## LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SCIENCE Paper - II

1. Delphi method is concerned with
(A) Forecasting trends
(B) Circulation method
(C) Method of collection of data
(D) Sampling method
2. One Terabyte is equivalent to
(A) $2^{10}$ bytes
(B) $2^{20}$ bytes
(C) $2^{30}$ bytes
(D) $2^{40}$ bytes
3. Which one of the following is the INFLIBNET's Subject Gateway for Indian Electronic Resources ?
(A) e-PG Pathashala
(B) Infonet
(C) INFOPORT
(D) Shodhganga
4. Which of the following agency assigns the ISSN for the serials published in India?
(A) Rajaram Mohan Roy National Agency
(B) Rajaram Mohan Roy Library Foundation
(C) National Library
(D) NISCAIR
5. In Pre-Coordinate indexing, the coordination is done by
(A) User at the time of searching
(B) User at the time of retrieval
(C) Library staff at the time of searching
(D) Indexer at the time of indexing
6. J-Gate is
(A) Indexing Service
(B) Alert Service
(C) Document Delivery Service
(D) Virtual Reference Service
7. 'World of Learning' falls under the category of
(A) Yearbooks
(B) Almanacs
(C) Directories
(D) Statistical sources
8. Who has hosted the digitized works of Dr. S.R.Ranganathan?
(A) I.L.A.
(B) D.R.T.C.
(C) dLIST, University of Arizona, USA
(D) London's School of Librarianship, U.K.
9. Psychological / Behavioural Information Theory was enunciated by
(A) Osgood
(B) Gerbner
(C) Schramm
(D) Achtoff
10. Which of the following are communication models ?
I. Churchman's Model
II. Helical spiral Model
III. Interactive Model
IV. Holographic Model

## Codes:

(A) I and II are correct
(B) I, II and III are correct
(C) II and III are correct
(D) II, III and IV are correct
11. Continuing education programmes for LIS professionals in India are being offered through
i. Refresher courses
ii. Add-on courses
iii. Online courses
iv. Distance Education Programmes

## Codes:

(A) i, ii are correct
(B) iii, iv are correct
(C) ii, iii are correct
(D) i, iv are correct
12. The publication 'Indian Books in Print' is a
I. Trade Bibliography
II. Subject Bibliography
III. Current Bibliography
IV. National Bibliography

## Codes :

(A) I and II are correct
(B) I and III are correct
(C) I, III and IV are correct
(D) II, III and IV are correct
13. Which of the following are included in a current awareness bulletin?
i. Periodical content pages
ii. Abstracts of periodical articles
iii. Reviews
iv. List of new additions

## Codes:

(A) ii, iv are correct
(B) ii, iii are correct
(C) i, iii are correct
(D) i, iv are correct
14. Identify the functions of an automated acquisition module ?
i. Transaction of charging
ii. Stock verification
iii. Master vendor file
iv. Invoice approval

## Codes:

(A) i, ii are correct
(B) ii, iii are correct
(C) ii, iv are correct
(D) iii, iv are correct
15. Which of the following cards are used in three card system of S.R. Ranganathan ?
I. Classified Index and Abstract Card
II. Register Card
III. Check Card
IV. Classified Index Card

## Codes:

(A) I and II are correct
(B) I and III are correct
(C) II, III and IV are correct
(D) I, II and III are correct
16. Which of the following are network security methods?
i. Modification of data stream
ii. Firewall
iii. Data interruption
iv. Authentication

## Codes :

(A) i, ii are correct
(B) ii, iii are correct
(C) ii, iv are correct
(D) i, ii, iii are correct
17. Which of the following are the reasons for citing documents ?
I. Crediting the original ideas
II. Substantiating the findings
III. For popularizing cited sources
IV. Acknowledging the source

## Codes:

(A) I, II and III are correct
(B) II, III and IV are correct
(C) I, III and IV are correct
(D) I, II and IV are correct
18. Which of the following are UGC Curriculum Development Committees on LIS ?
I. Curriculum Development Committee on LIS
II. Library Science in Indian Universities
III. National Policy on Library and Information System
IV. Review Committee on University and College Libraries

## Codes :

(A) I and II are correct
(B) II and III are correct
(C) I and III are correct
(D) I and IV are correct
19. Assertion (A): Digital libraries are designed to make digital collection to popularize and be freely accessible.

Reason (R) : The digital libraries are developed to preserve and provide easy access to e-resources.

## Codes:

(A) (A) is false and (R) is true
(B) (A) is true and (R) is false
(C) Both (A) and (R) are true
(D) Both (A) and (R) are false
20. Assertion (A) : Systematic and efficient use of statistical tools in research helps in interpretation of research results.

Reason (R) : Statistical tools are not applicable to individual data.

## Codes:

(A) (A) is true but (R) is false
(B) Both (A) and (R) are false
(C) Both (A) and (R) are true
(D) (A) is false but (R) is true
21. Assertion (A) : Majority of libraries in India are not subscribing to O.C.LC. WorldCat.

Reason (R) : The Integrated Library Management Software (ILMS) do not support online interface for direct transfer of cataloguing records.

## Codes:

(A) (A) is true but (R) is false
(B) Both (A) and (R) are true
(C) (A) is false but (R) is true
(D) Both (A) and (R) are false
22. Assertion (A) : Introduction of TQM in Libraries is not possible.

Reason (R) : It requires open
cooperative culture and employees
responsiveness for customer satisfaction.

## Codes:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true
(B) (A) is true but (R) is false
(C) (A) is false but (R) is true
(D) Both (A) and (R) are false
23. Assertion (A) : Bibliography and catalogue serve same purposes.

Reason (R): Catalogue is key to the library holdings and serves the purpose of inventory and retrieval.

## Code :

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true
(B) Both (A) and (R) are false
(C) (A) is true but (R) is false
(D) (A) is false but (R) is true
24. Assertion (A) : Colon classification follows the principle of revision.

Reason (R) : Classification is mapping of knowledge that requires constant updation and continuous revision.

## Codes:

(A) (A) is true but (R) is false
(B) Both (A) and (R) are true
(C) (A) is false but (R) is true
(D) Both (A) and (R) are false
25. Assertion (A): Atlases, maps and gazetteers are the geographical sources of information.

Reason (R) : All reference sources provide geographical information.

## Codes:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true
(B) Both (A) and (R) are false
(C) (A) is true but (R) is false
(D) (A) is false but (R) is true
26. Assertion (A): Bibliography and index perform the same functions of providing access to documents.

Reason (R) : Bibliography provides access to documents through multiple approaches.

## Codes:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true
(B) Both (A) and (R) are false
(C) (A) is true but (R) is false
(D) (A) is false but (R) is true
27. Assertion (A) : After several attempts it was decided that universal bibliography is not a necessity.

Reason (R) : All countries have National Bibliographies that meet the need of universal bibliography.

## Codes:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true
(B) (A) is true but (R) is false
(C) Both (A) and (R) are false
(D) (A) is false but (R) is true
28. Arrange the following Acts according to their year of enactment.
I. Mizoram Public Library Act
II. Manipur Public Library Act
III. West Bengal Public Library Act
IV. Haryana Public Library Act

## Codes:

(A) III, IV, II, I
(B) II, I, III, IV
(C) II, III, I, IV
(D) III, II, IV, I
29. Arrange the following in the order of their first year of publication.
i. BNB
ii. INB
iii. Compendex
iv. Roget's Theasaurus of English words and Phrases.

## Codes:

(A) iii, ii, iv, i
(B) ii, iv, i, iii
(C) i, iii, ii, iv
(D) iv, i, ii, iii
30. Arrange the following indexing systems according to their year of origin.
I. POPSI
II. PRECIS
III. COMPASS
IV. Chain Indexing

## Codes:

(A) IV, I, III, II
(B) IV, I, II, III
(C) II, III, IV, I
(D) IV, II, I, III
31. Give the sequential order of the elements for the description of a map.
i. GMD
ii. Statement of Scale
iii. Title
iv. Name of the publisher

## Codes:

(A) iii ii iv
(B) iii i ii iv
(C) i iii ii iv
(D) ii i iii iv
32. What is the sequence of the process followed while ordering a book?
i. Book selection
ii. Duplicate checking
iii. Ordering
iv. Identification of book details

## Codes:

(A) i, ii, iii, iv
(B) i, iv, iii, ii
(C) i, iii, iv, ii
(D) i, iv, ii, iii
33. Arrange the following in the ascending order of their magnitude
I. Gigabyte
II. Terabyte
III. Exabyte
IV. Petabyte

## Codes:

(A) I, II, III, IV
(B) I, II, IV, III
(C) II, I, IV, III
(D) I, III, IV, II
34. Indicate the sequential order of the following stages in the research process.
I. Report writing
II. Selection of the research problem
III. Data collection
IV. Data analysis and interpretation

## Codes:

(A) I, IV, II, III
(B) IV, I, III, II
(C) III, II, I, IV
(D) II, III, IV, I
35. Match the following :
List - I
List - II
I. Entropy

1. Theory of signals
II. Equivocation
2. Closeness of relationship
III. Coding
IV. Semiotics
3. Signals of transmission

## Codes:

(A) 4
3
(B) 24313
(C) $4 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 1$
(D) $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4\end{array}$
4. Uncertainty
36. Match the following :
List - I

List - II
I. Saraswathi Nikethan
II. Raja Raja Narendra Andhra Bhasha Nilayam
III. Gouthami Regional Library
IV. Sri Krishna Devaraya
3. Rajahmundry

Andhra Bhasha Nilayam
Codes:

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (C) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| (D) | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |

37. Match the following :

## List - I

I. Europa Year Book

1. Kottayam
II. India : A Reference Annual
III. Manorama Year Book
2. New York
IV. World Almanac and
3. New Delhi Book of Facts

Codes:

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| (B) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| (C) | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| (D) | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 |

38. Match the following :
List - I
I. Routing of Periodicals
II. User profiles and matching
III. Boolean logic
IV. Identification of appropriate Information sources

## Codes:

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| (B) | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| (C) | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| (D) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |

39. Match the following :

## List - I <br> Database

I. ERIC
II. CA Search
III. Books in Print
IV. LISA

Codes:

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| (B) | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| (C) | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| (D) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |

40. Match the following :

List - I
I. Topographical catalogue
II. Alphabetico-classed catalogue
III. Thematic catalogue
3. Works of Persons
IV. Name catalogue
4. Musical works

I II III IV
(A) $1 \begin{array}{llll}1 & 3 & 4 & 2\end{array}$
(B) $21 \begin{array}{llll} & 1 & 4 & 3\end{array}$
(C) $3 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad 4$
(D) $4 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 1$
41. Match the following :
List - I
List - II
I. KWIC

1. J.R. Sharp
II. SLIC
2. Martimer Taube
III. UNITERM
3. T. Craven
IV. NEPHIS
4. H.P. Luhn

## Codes:

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (C) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (D) | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |

42. Match the following :
List - I
I. Scientific Management Theory
II. Management Process Theory
III. Bureaucracy Theory

List - II

1. Max Weber
2. E. Mayo
3. H. Koontz and C.O'Donnell
4. F.W. Taylor
IV. Human Relations Theory

## Codes:

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| (B) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| (C) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (D) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |

43. Match the following :

List - I
l. RAM
II. ROM
III. Cache
IV. Registers

## Codes:

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| (C) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (D) | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |

44. Match the following :

List - I
I. Cole and Eales
II. Hulme
III. Pritchard
IV. T. Braun

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (B) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| (C) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (D) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

45. Match the following :

| List - I | List - II |
| :--- | :--- |
| I. Connemara Public 1. Patna <br> Library  |  |
| II. Khudabaksha Oriental <br> Public Library | 2. Delhi |
| III. Asiatic Society Library | 3. Chennai |
| IV. National Science Library | 4. Mumbai |

## Codes:

|  | I | II | III | IV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (B) | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| (C) | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| (D) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |

## List - II

1. Statistical Bibliography
2. Scientometrics
3. Statistical Analysis
4. Bibliometrics

## Codes:

I. Khudabaksha Oriental Public Library
III. Asiatic Society Library
3. Chennai
IV. National Science Library
4. Mumbai

## |||||||||||||||||||||||||||

While libraries can act as the interface to the wealth of information, one of their most important tasks is to create order out of potential chaos. They do this by selecting and describing information sources which they will offer to their users. Today libraries select both physical materials to hold in their own stock and virtual materials which they do not own but to which they can provide access and about which they can offer some guarantee (or at least opinion) on quality and availability.
46. What is Information Universe ?
(A) All the databases and Web resources
(B) All the books held by the libraries in the world
(C) The total recorded information of the world
(D) Published information resources available in the world
47. What are the difficulties of librarians with the expansion of published information?
(A) Providing awareness on the expanding published information
(B) Providing ordered access to the world's expanding information
(C) Providing Bibliographic control of the expanding information
(D) Ordering the users required information with precision
48. How the difficulties of the librarians with the published information are overcome ?
(A) Through Information and Communication networks
(B) Through WWW and the Internet
(C) With the digital information and development of worldwide information and communication networks
(D) With e-information resources and the development of WWW
49. What can be the role of the modern library ?
(A) Building the collections for the library clientele
(B) Access interface to the information universe
(C) Access interface to the library collections
(D) Achieving users satisfaction with information
50. How libraries can bring order out of potential chaos?
(A) By selecting and describing information sources
(B) By acting as interface to information
(C) By selecting both physical and virtual material
(D) By providing some guarantee on quality of information

## Space for Rough Work

## Space for Rough Work

